Working with common Events

* All most all events are handled in same way.
* The type of event & the action that take might be different but the sequence that’s usually takes the same
* function(e) – here e return or holds the information when an event occurred or happened in the browser or when clicked on an event.
* The third argument in addEventListener() will determine how the event registered.

Cursor

* The cursor property specifies the type of cursor to be displayed when pointing on an element.
* The cursor CSS property specifies the mouse cursor displayed when the mouse pointer is over an element.
* Default value: auto

CSS Syntax

* cursor: value;

querySelector

* The querySelector function basically works as follows:

var element = document.querySelector("< CSS selector >");

* The querySelector function takes an argument, and this argument is a CSS selector for the element you are wanting to find.

addEventListener()

* The key to the W3C event registration model is the method addEventListener().
* We give it three arguments: the event type, the function to be executed and a boolean (true or false)